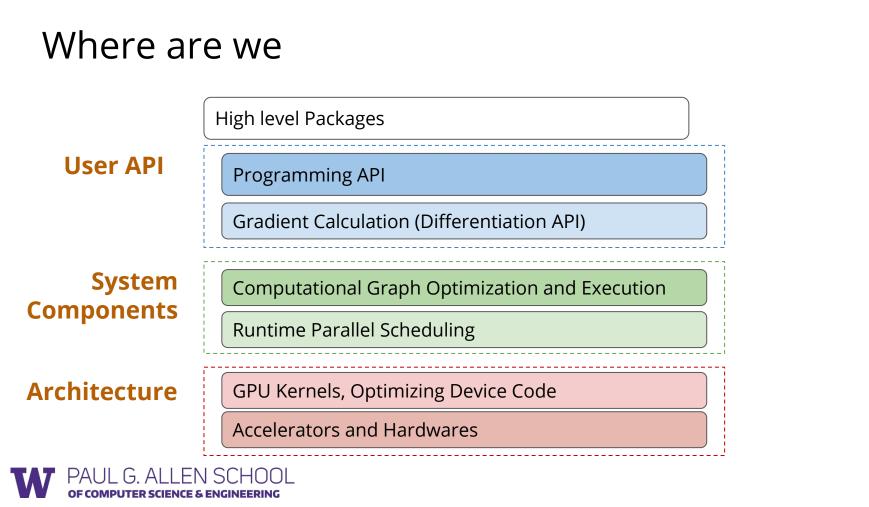
Lecture 11: Distributed Training and Communication Protocols

CSE599W: Spring 2018



Where are we

Programming AP

Gradient Calculation (Differentiation AP

Computational Graph Optimization and Execution

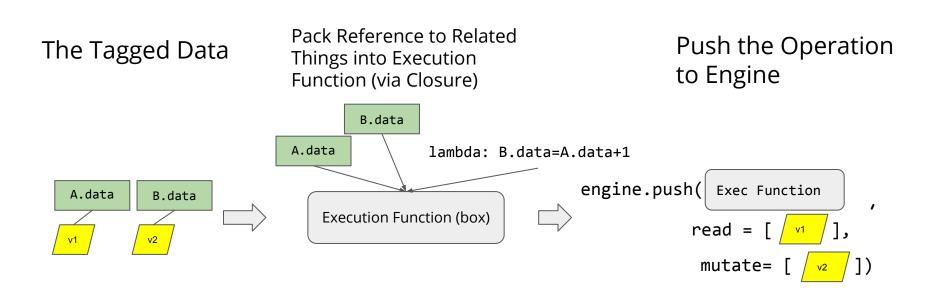
Runtime Parallel Scheduling / Networks

GPU Kernels, Optimizing Device Code

Accelerators and Hardwares



Recap: Parallel Scheduling Engine





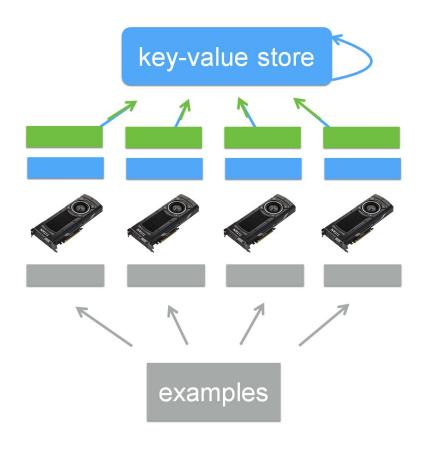
Recap: Example Scheduling

```
D = A * B engine.push(lambda: D.data=A.data * B.data,
read=[A.var, B.var], mutate=[D.var])
```



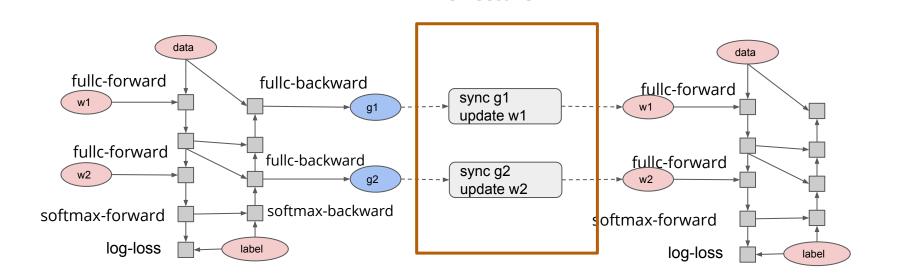
Data Parallelism

- Train replicated version of model in each machine
- Synchronize the gradient





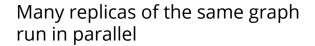
How to do Synchronization over Network



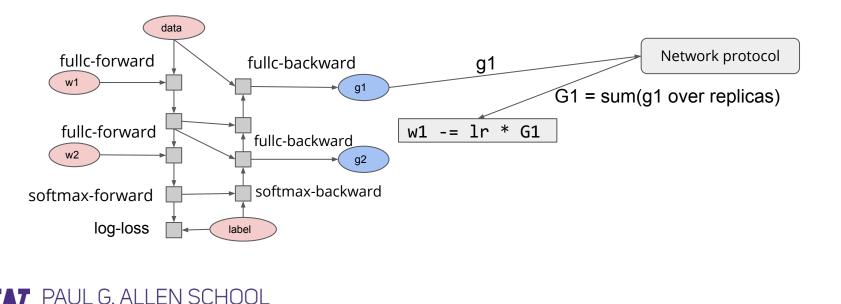
This Lecture



Distributed Gradient Aggregation, Local Update



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Allreduce: Collective Reduction

Interface result = allreduce(float buffer[size])

Running Example

Machine 1

Machine 2

```
comm = communicator.create()
a = [1, 2, 3]
b = comm.allreduce(a, op=sum)
assert b == [2, 2, 4]
comm = communicator.create()
a = [1, 0, 1]
b = comm.allreduce(a, op=sum)
assert b == [2, 2, 4]
```



Use Allreduce for Data Parallel Training

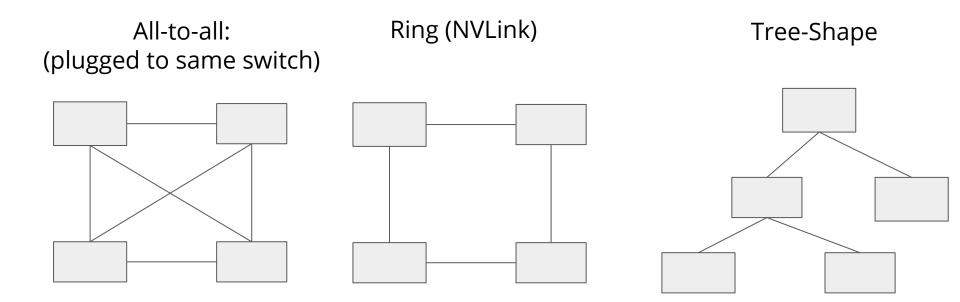
grad = gradient(net, w)

for epoch, data in enumerate(dataset):
 g = net.run(grad, in=data)
 gsum = comm.allreduce(g, op=sum)

w -= lr * gsum / num_workers



Common Connection Topologies



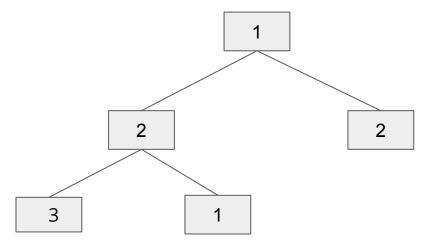


Discussion: 3min

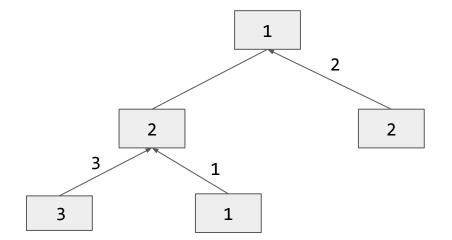
- How to Implement Allreduce over Network
- What is impact of network topology on this



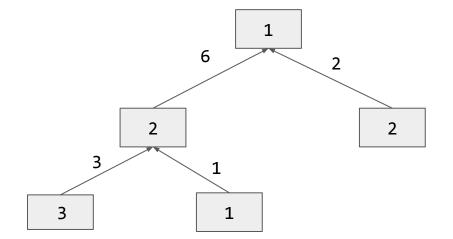
- Logically form a reduction tree between nodes
- Aggregate to root then broadcast



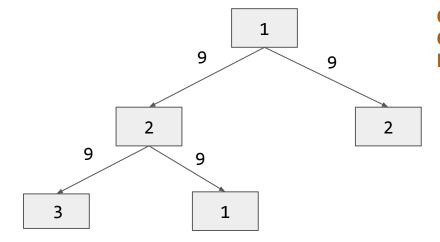








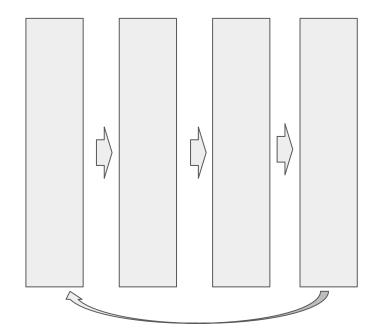




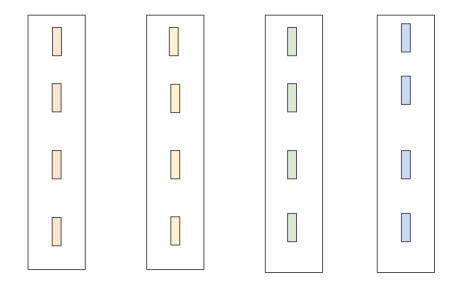
Question: What is Time Complexity of Tree Shape Reduction



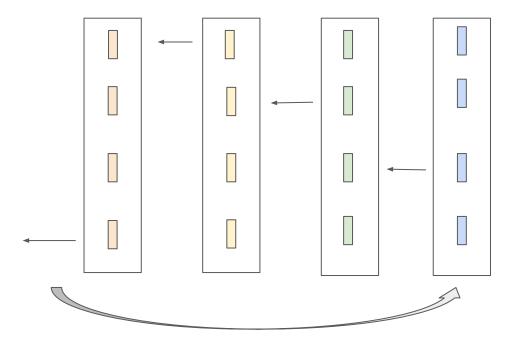
- Form a logical ring between nodes
- Streaming aggregation



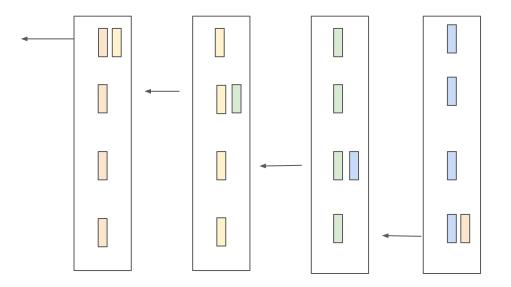




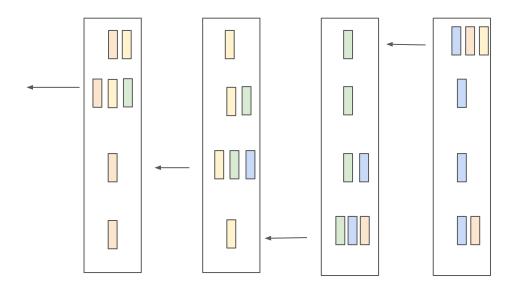




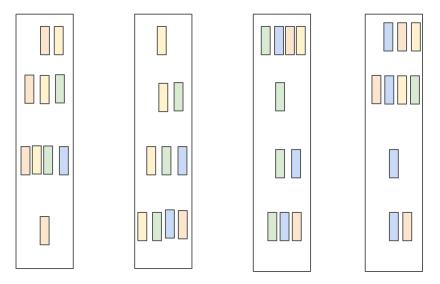






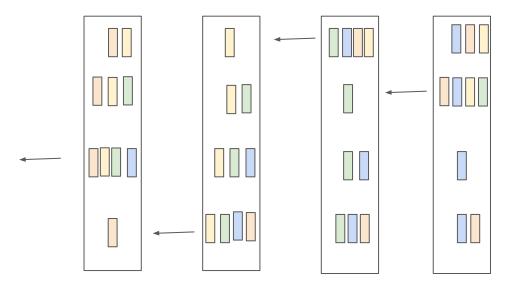




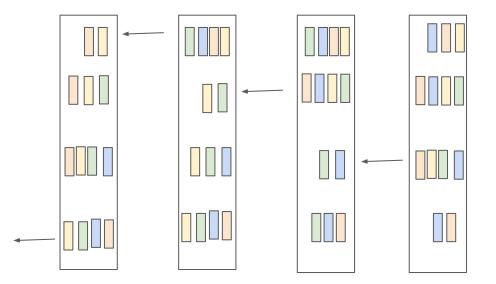


Each node have correctly reduced result of one segment! This is called *reduce_scatter*

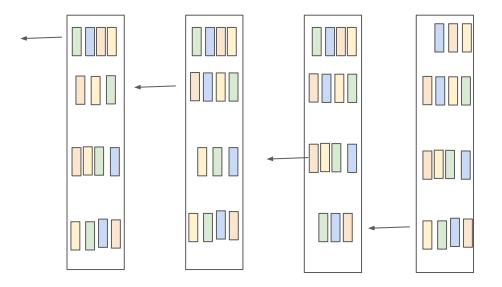




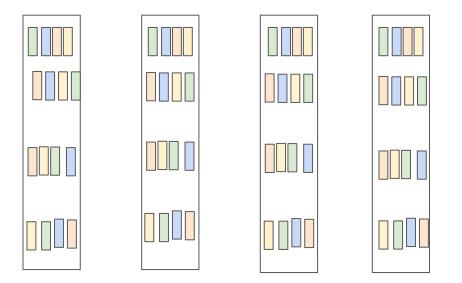












Question: What is Time Complexity of Ring based Reduction

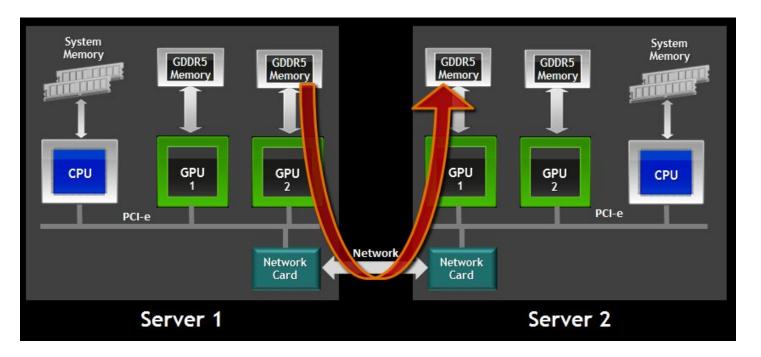


Allreduce Libraries

- MPI offers efficient CPU allreduce
- dmlc/rabit: fault tolerant variant
- facebookincubator/gloo
- Parameter Hub: from UW
- NCCL: Nvidia' efficient multiGPU collective



GPUDirect and RMDA



W PAUL G. ALLEN SCHOOL of computer science & engineering From Nvidia

NCCL: Nvidia's Efficient Multi-GPU Collective

- Uses unified GPU direct memory accessing
- Each GPU launch a working kernel, cooperate with each other to do ring based reduction
- A single C++ kernel implements intra GPU synchronization and Reduction



Discussion: 4min

- What are advantages and limitations of Allreduce
- How to integrate all reduce with dependency scheduler?



Schedule Allreduce Asynchronously

Make use of mutation semantics!

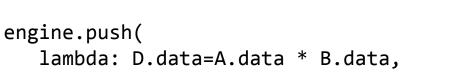


```
engine.push(
   lambda: A.data=2,
   read=[], mutate= [A.var])
```

```
B = comm.allreduce(A)
```

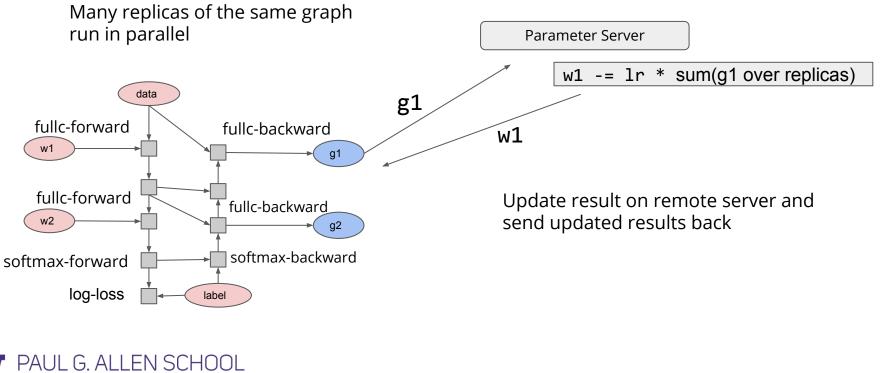
```
engine.push(
    lambda: B.data=allreduce(A.data),
    read=[A.var], mutate=[B.var, comm.var])
```

```
D = A * B
```



```
read=[A.var, B.var], mutate=[D.var])
```

Distributed Gradient Aggregation, Remote Update



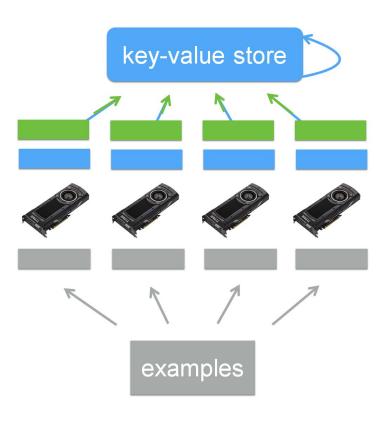
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Parameter Server Abstraction

Interface

ps.push(index, gradient)

ps.pull(index)





PS Interface for Data Parallel Training

grad = gradient(net, w)

for epoch, data in enumerate(dataset):
 g = net.run(grad, in=data)



PS Data Consistency: BSP

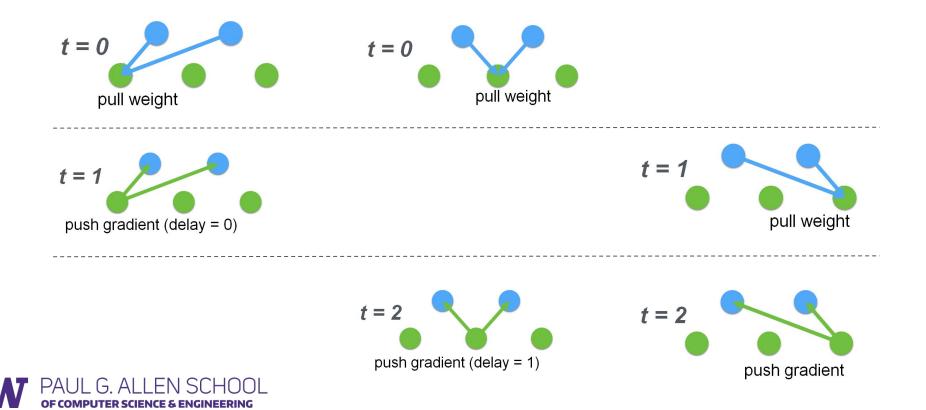
- "Synchronized"
 - Gradient aggregated over all works
 - All workers receives the same parameters
 - Give same result as single batch update
 - Brings challenges to synchronization



pull weight push gradient update weight

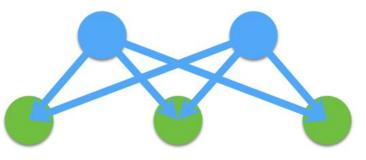


PS Consistency: Asynchronous



The Cost of PS Model: All to All Pattern

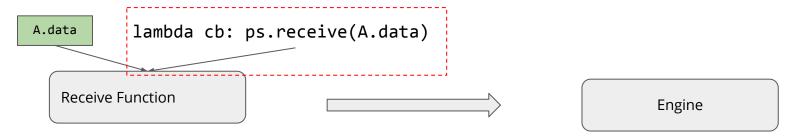
- Each worker talks to all servers
- Shard the parameters over different servers
- What is the time complexity of communication?





Integrate Schedule with Networking using Events

Asynchronous function that takes a callback from engine



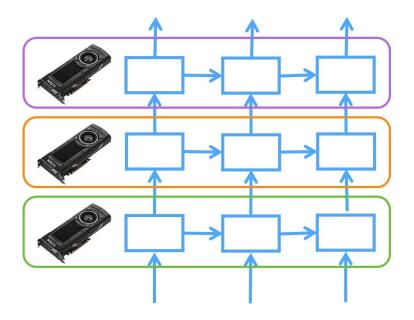
def event.on_data_received():
 #notify engine receive complete
 cb();

Use the callback to notify engine that data receive is finished



Model Parallel Training

- Map parts of workload to different devices
- Require special dependency patterns (wave style)
 - e.g. LSTM





Question: How to Write Model Parallel Program?

```
for i in range(num_layers):
    for t in range(num_time_stamp):
        out, state = layer[i].forward(data[i][t], state)
        data[i+1][t] = out.copyto(device[i])
```

Scheduler tracks these dependencies



Discussion: What's Special about Communication

Requirements

- Track dependency correctly
- Resolve resource contention and allocation
- Some special requirement on channel
 - Allreduce: ordered call

Most of them are simplified by a scheduler

